











The Research and Innovation Strategy for Smart Specialisation of the North-East Region





What is Smart Specialisation?

Smart Specialisation is a process of economic transformation based on the identification of areas in which a region can excel, and the Strategy for **Research and Innovation for Smart Specialisation** of the North-East Region (RIS3) is the strategic tool that ensures the implementation of innovative concepts in the regional economy through a bottom-up approach, that is the inclusion in the process of representatives of the academic, university and research environment, the business environment, the civil society as well as the public authorities (Quadruple Helix).

To be innovative, an idea must be able to be applied at realistic costs and must meet a specific need.

Innovation can be understood by transforming an idea or invention into a good or service that creates value and for which there is an end user who is willing to pay.

Innovation involves the use and application of three main ingredients: documented information, creativity and initiative, which together generate added value or a different kind of value than the one already on the market.

It includes all the processes by which new ideas are generated and transformed into useful products

(innovations). Academic Environment Civil Society **Business**

Who is RIS3 for?

RIS3 is addressing the representatives of economic sectors with regional competitive advantages and to those who influence the innovation processes.

QUADRUPLE HELIX							
ACADEMIC ENVIRONMENT	BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT	PUBLIC 加州ORITIES	ନୁଞ୍ଚଳ CIVIL ଜମମନ୍ତି SOCIETY				
 Indicates (technological) feasible solutions for market needs Anticipates socio-economic challenges before they get worse Brings knowledge to the regional innovation ecosystem Highlights (cross) sector value chains 	Highlights the demand for innovation Generates innovation Confirms the innovation absorption capacity Funds and capitalises on research results	> Indicate development challenges that can be solved through innovation > Support the transfer of innovation for local / regional development goals > Facilitate public-private partnerships for innovation > Develop innovative public services	Identifies societal challenges that need to be addressed through innovation Facilitates dialogue; informs and disseminates Mobilises local stakeholders				

The role of RDA

For operationalising RIS3

The North-East Regional Development Agency, as coordinator of the smart specialisation in the region, initiates the process, develops the strategy, facilitates the dialogue between stakeholders, implements and promotes the strategy in the region, monitors and evaluates the whole process, collects information, coordinates the strategy review and its adaptation according to the socioeconomic developments and in accordance with national / European policies.

DEVELOPMENT

IMPLEMENTATION

PROMOTION

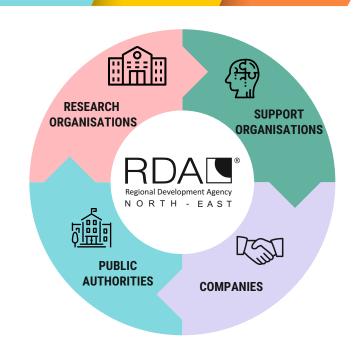
MONITORING

EVALUATION

REVISION

In relation to stakeholders

- > Acts as facilitator / agent
- > Creates communication channels
- > Supports the setting of shared goals and initiatives
- > Promotes vertical and horizontal partnerships
- > Identifies and attracts financial resources
- > Supplements the sector information with the analysis of challenges and opportunities, along with the representatives of the quadruple helix

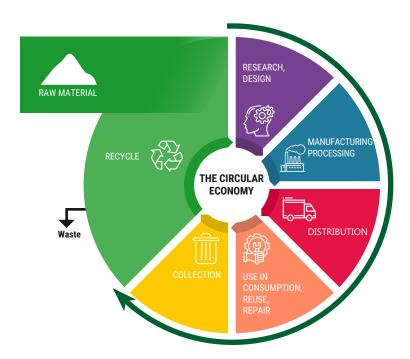


What is the Value Chain?

The Value Chain is the series of actions taken to create a marketable product / service, from conception to beyond its end use. On stages, it involves design, manufacturing, marketing, distribution, support services offered to consumers. These actions can be performed by a single entity or several entities that can collaborate to achieve the entire circuit. The activities undertaken along the value chain create added value and can take place in a well-defined area or over a wide geographical area.

The added value of innovation can appear on any of the links in the chain.

For the sustainable capitalisation of resources, the current trend is to operate closed value chains, a component that characterises the circular economy.



The Circular Economy is a concept with the goal to close the life cycles of products through reuse and recycling, in order to create benefits for the environment and the economy.

It is a model of manufacturing and consumption where the value of products, materials and resources is preserved in the economy as much as possible. Innovative methods are used and waste generation is kept to a minimum.

The innovation process includes the following main links at least: **research -> development -> manufacturing -> capitalisation / marketing.** Technologies have development cycle, encouraging cross-disciplinary partnerships between research and technology commercialisation from idea to implementation and application. Thus, nine levels of technological maturity (Technology Readiness Levels or TRL for short) have been defined.



. ₽	TRL1	Basic principles observed	Theoretical / fundamental scientific research.	
) <u>=</u>	TRL2	Technological concept	Studying how the technology can be applied in the market. It is the moment when the direction of development is set.	
	TRL3	Experimental demonstration of the concept	The research & development process begins and the technological solution is created. The following question is answered: Why does the technology need to meet the requirements of the application? Proof of concept.	
<u></u>	TRL4	Technology validated in the laboratory	Integration and laboratory testing of basic components. It can be done multiple times during the process.	
·	TRL5	Technology validated in relevant environment (simulated)	Integration and testing of relevant components in the relevant environment. Prototype.	
•	TRL6	Demonstrated technology in relevant environment	Once the technology is developed, the final test can start. Here is where essential information is obtained for marketing purposes, if the technology is to be applied.	
÷Ö-	TRL7	Demonstration of system functionality in operational environment (real)	Using the prototype in the operational environment to see how it behaves in a non-simulated test. Further development may be required to improve performance.	
	TRL8	Completed and qualified system	Following the tests, the technology proved its efficiency under normal operating conditions. Market validation.	
\Diamond	TRL9	Functional system in operational environment (real)	Adoption and use of technology in the final form and in real conditions.	

Major Societal Challenges in the North-East Region



SECTOR CHALLENGES

SOLUTIONS



Population access to a wide range of medical information



Development of integrated IT systems



Inefficient and unsustainable exploitation of resources (renewable or not), sensitive areas and protected areas in the North-East Region

Development of circular economy based on short value chains, in micro-regions

Alternative energy sources

Inefficient and unsustainable exploitation of resources



Technologies for the production and recovery of energy from alternative sources



Wastewater treatment technologies

RIS3 North-East structure

MAJOR SOCIETAL CHALLENGES

Healthy aging, demographics and well-being

Food security, sustainable agriculture and bioeconomy

Clean, effective and safe energy

Safe and secure water



Sectors and Niches

AGRI-FOOD & WOOD INDUSTRY Sector

- Smart-farming
- Use of agricultural products for non-food purposes
- Environmental impact of agriculture
- Biosecurity and food safety
- Forestry sector and wood industry

ENERGY Sector

- Alternative energy sources
- Energy efficiency

TEXTILES Sector

- High-tech processes and applications in textiles
- Technical and functional textiles
- Digital Fashion

IT&C Sector

- Industrial modernisation
- Cybersecurity
- Traceability and Big Data
- Smart City and Smart Village
- Development of new IT&C products hardware & software and test solutions

TOURISM Sector

- IT&C solutions for tourism
- Marketing and creative promotion
- Healthy lifestyle tourism
- Eco-tourism / Business tourism
- Cultural tourism

ENVIRONMENT Sector

- Water (innovative solutions)
- Air (innovative solutions)
- Circular economy

HEALTH Sector

- Medical and pharmaceutical biotechnologies
- Precision medicine
- Prevention medicine
- e-Health
- Biosecurity (veterinary medicine human medicine collaboration)

Horizontal priorities

Development of innovation skills

Supporting innovative business

Development of regional research & development capacity

Supporting clustering / internationalisation initiatives

Administrative capacity and technical assistance

Implementation Tools SUPPORT ORGANISATIONS RESEARCH **ORGANISATIONS Innovation projects** in priority areas > with tradition in the region (agri-food & wood industry, textiles) **PDL** > high potential (energy, (Project Development Lab) environment, health) > Generation of > catalyst (IT&C, tourism) innovating ideas **EDP** > Identification of (Entrepreneurial Discovery funding Process) > Identification of challenges > Developing the vision **COMPANIES PUBLIC AUTHORITIES**

RIS3 Operationalisation Activities

EDP (Entrepreneurial Discovery Process)

EDPs are a set of sector-themed activities aimed at identifying challenges and generating innovative ideas through the interaction between business, research, authorities and civil society.

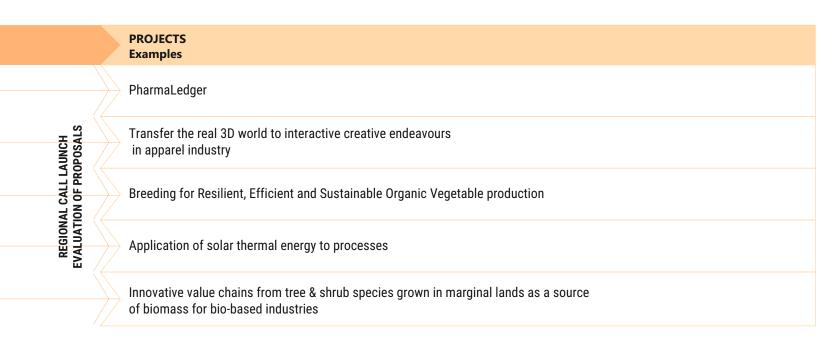
EDP is a process of identifying challenges and solutions for areas with smart specialisation potential. It involves a bottom-up, interactive and inclusive approach, with the participation of sector representatives with regional and competitive advantages and of those who influence innovation processes.



CHALLENGES Examples	SOLUTIONS Examples	
Access to healthcare	Blockchain Enabled Healthcare	
Digitalisation of private and public sector	Supporting the apparel industry	
Food biosecurity	Organic breeding – Increasing the competitiveness of the organic breeding and farming sectors	
Energy efficiency	Solar Energy in Industrial Processes	
Sustainable agriculture and forestry	Diversification of bio-based value chains	

PDL (Projects Development Lab)

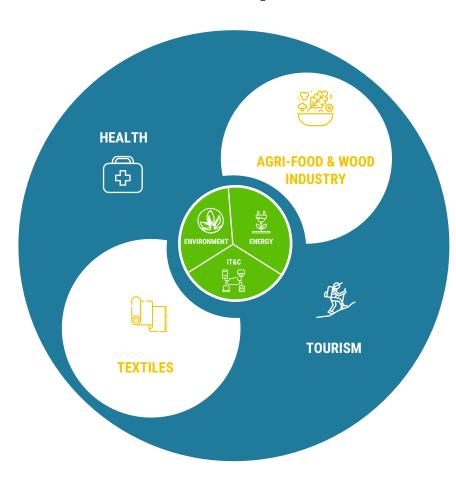
PDLs represent the stage that follows the entrepreneurial discovery process. During these events, the project ideas mature and the preliminary dialogue between the project promoters and representatives of potential funders is facilitated.



The EDP and PDL substantiate the opportunities in existing and emerging economic sectors. Thus, the proposed solutions can be materialised through projects. Multiple solutions can be the subject of a single project just as a single solution can materialise through several projects.

The Entrepreneurial Discovery Process is an ongoing process, providing information at all stages of RIS3 operationalisation (strategy creation, implementation, monitoring, review).

Areas of smart specialisation



Areas with specialisation potential were identified according to:

- 1. the existence of industrial agglomerations;
- 2. the existence of natural factors that increase the development of the sector:
- 3. the existence of associative structures (clusters, networks, etc.);
- 4. the analysis of regional industrial and innovation value chains for the specific area;
- 5. the innovative character of the analysed area;
- 6. the region's performance in the area;
- 7. competitive and comparative advantages of the area;
- 8. the existence of a regional base of competences in the concerned area;
- 9. the existence of RDI and TT infrastructure;
- 10. correlation with major challenges (including societal challenges).

HIGH POTENTIAL	TRADITIONAL	CATALYST
AREAS	AREAS	AREAS
Energy Environment IT&C	Agri-food & wood industry Textiles	Tourism Health

In the North-East Region Smart Specialisation intervenes through 5 Horizontal Priorities (HP)











HP1

HP2

HP3

HP4

HP5

Development of innovation competences

Priority that is addressing to competence. Future generations, beneficiaries of present investments in research, innovation technology transfer, will be responsible for future management.

Support the creation of innovative companies and growth of active companies in the North-East Region

Starting new businesses capable of capitalising on research results of priority areas is encouraged. Active companies need support to modernise technologically, to digitise, to internationalise, to increase the capacity to apply circular economy solutions and to attract resources to finance investments.

Developing regional R&D capacity and promoting collaboration with industry

RDI organisations need support in preparing marketing strategies, connecting with markets and suppliers, preparing and obtaining patents. It is necessary to promote research projects in public-private partnership.

Supporting clustering and internationalisation initiatives

Providing the framework for the creation, strengthen and support of business networks and clusters for members integration in impact value chains.

Administrative capacity and technical assistance

As RIS3 North-East coordinator, North-East RDA will provide the necessary support services for implementation of this strategy and development of regional capacities for RIS3 (training, help-desk, information).

Sectors and Niches of Smart Specialisation



AGRI-FOOD & WOOD INDUSTRY

- > Smart-farming
- > Use of agricultural products for non-food purposes
- > Impact of agriculture on environment
- > Biosecurity and food safety
- > Forestry and wood industry



IT&C

- > Industrial Modernisation
- > Cybersecurity
- > Traceability and Big Data
- > Smart City & Smart Village
- > Development of new IT&C hardware & software products and testing solutions



HEALTH

- > Medical and pharmaceutical biotechnologies
- > Precision medicine
- > Preventive medicine
- > e-Health
- > Biosecurity (collaboration between veterinary medicine and human medicine)

North-East Region competitiveness: sectors with competitive advantages

AGRI-FOOD & WOOD INDUSTRY SECTOR

- >45 Local Action Groups
- >3.882 local active units in the agri-food sector and 2.376 in the wood industry in 2018
- >73 certified traditional products (25,62% of the national level)
- >14.52% of Romania's agricultural area (3rd place at national level).
- >18.26% of Romania's forest area (2nd place at national level)
- >3 universities with profile faculties, a significant number of research stations with agri-food and forestry applications

IT&C SECTOR

- 4th place at national level, graduates with a diploma in university education, 2018
- EURONEST IT&C Hub Regional Innovative Cluster
- 4 universities with study programs in the area and Institute of Computer Science lasi (Romanian Academy)

HEALTH SECTOR

- Second place, at national level, regarding number of health units
- Educational programs and research centers in the health area
- ANTIBIOTICE SA, with the Research Center for Antibiotics



TEXTILES

- > High-tech processes & applications in textiles
- > Technical and functional textiles
- > Digital Fashion



> Ecotourism

> Business tourism > Cultural tourism

TOURISM

> Marketing and creative promotion

> IT&C solutions for tourism

> Tourism for healthy lifestyle



ENERGY

- > Alternative Energy Sources
- > Energy efficiency



- > Water (innovative solutions)
- > Air (innovative solutions)
- > Circular economy

North-East Region competitiveness: sectors with competitive advantages

TEXTILES SECTOR

- 1.228 active local units in the textiles area (3rd place at national level), in 2018
- Astrico Nord-Est textile cluster
- Faculty of Industrial Design and Business Management and Faculty of Visual Arts and Design

TOURISM SECTOR

- 3 of the 13 national parks in Romania, 129 Natura 2000 sites and 8 UNESCO cultural sites
- 3rd place nationally in terms of number of agritourism and tourist pensions
- Educational programs in the areas of tourism, balneo-physiokinetotherapy and medical recovery

ENERGY SECTOR

- 63 local active units in 2018
- Renewable sources: water, wind, solar, biomass
- RENEW Cluster

ENVIRONMENT SECTOR

- 330 local active units in 2018
- university study programs in the area

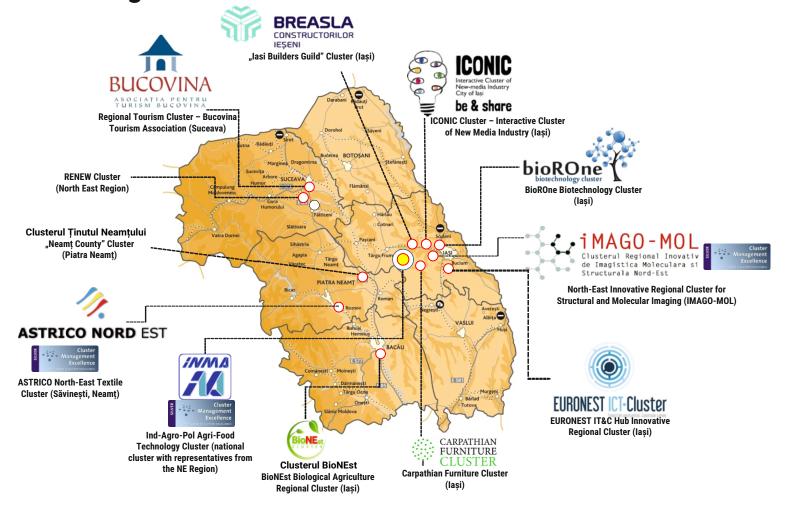
New Attributes in the North-East Region Economy

The global economy operates with a number of concepts insufficiently used today in the North-East Region, but absolutely necessary to strengthen a sustainable economy. The notions of **value chain, circular economy, level of technological readiness** are the prerogative of developing a sustainable, efficient and competitive economy, and the cluster approach incorporates these concepts with the purpose of capitalisation.

A Cluster is a network of manufacturers, suppliers, research institutes (universities), service providers and other stakeholders whose activity focuses the same sector, that may be located in the same territory. Cluster members cooperate along a value chain, such as the manufacturing of clothing or furniture, and have the same interests.



Cluster organizations



About the future and the role of RIS3

SMART SPECIALISATION

facilitates the access to global opportunities for innovative ideas in Europe's regions. Between 2021-2027, five main objectives will stimulate European Union investments, the first of which is dedicated to smart specialisation topics.



A SMARTER

Europe

through innovation, digitalisation, economic transformation and small and medium business support.



A GREENER

Europe

without carbon emissions, through
the application of Paris
Agreement and through
investments in the energy
transition, energy from renewable
sources and climate change
fighting.



A MORE CONNECTED

Europe

with strategic transport and digital networks.



A MORE SOCIAL

Europe

for the application of the European pillar of social rights and to support quality jobs, education, skills, inclusion and equal access to health system.



A CLOSER TO CITIZENS

Europe

by supporting locally-led development strategies and sustainable urban development across the EU.





"The Strategy for Research and Innovation for Smart Specialisation of the North-East Region is important for the present, but also for the future. The programme documents for the financial year 2021-2027 indicate a first investment priority of the European Union: A Smarter Europe. By creating this strategy at the level of the North-East Region, since 2013, we have taken a step that today proves to be extremely useful."

Vasile Asandei, General Director, North-East RDA

Additional information on smart specialisation, as well as the Strategy for Research and Innovation for Smart Specialisation of the North-East Region, can be consulted on the website of the North-East Regional Development Agency, at http://www.adrnordest.roSection"



The North-East Region creates, transfers and puts into practice innovation systematically, sustainably and with societal benefits, in the following key areas - agri-food & wood industry, textiles, health, tourism, IT&C, energy and environment.

Key Values

- ✓ Partnership
- Creativity
- ✓ Work
- Responsibility





Gabriela Macoveiu, Director for Communication, Innovation and External Cooperation, North-East Regional Development Agency

"The Smart Specialisation Strategy of a region offers the possibility of focusing the development resources on a small number of sectors, in which the region has economic advantages and skills in education and research, to achieve a sustainable economic transformation based on technologies and innovation with high added value."



Lucian Sandu, Head of RIS3 Management Office, North-East Regional Development Agency



Agatha Filimon, Head of Sectoral Specialisation Office, North-East Regional Development Agency

The aim of the Research and Innovation Strategy for Smart Specialisation of the North-East Region (RIS3) for 2021-2027 is to encourage entrepreneurship, develop innovative companies, capitalize on research infrastructures and stimulate partnerships between universities, research institutions and companies, in the following sectors: Agri-Food and Wood Industry (1), Textiles (2), Energy (3), Environment (4), IT&C (5), Tourism (6) and Health (7).









We Invest in Your Future!

Project co-financed by the European Regional Development Fund through the Regional Operational Programme 2014-2020

Project title: Financial support granted to North-East RDA for the implementation of the ROP 2014-2020 in the North-East Region in the period 2020-2021

Editor of the publication: North-East Regional Development Agency

Publication date: May 2021

The content of this material does not necessarily represent the official position of the European Union or the Government of Romania.

Freely distributed material.







NORTH - EAST REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY

9 Lt. Draghescu street, 610125 Piatra Neamt, Neamt County Telephone: 0040 233 218071; Fax: 0040 233 218072 adrnordest@adrnordest.ro; www.adrnordest.ro

PROFESSIONALISM - INNOVATION - EVOLUTION

www.inforegio.ro | facebook.com/inforegio.ro | www.inforegionordest.ro